

🗽 Mullion Primary School

Mathematics Long Term Planning 2024 - 2025





				23 Pupils round a decimal number with hundredths to the nearest whole number
				24 Pupils read and write numbers with up to 3 decimal places
				25 Pupils compare and order numbers with up to 3 decimal places
Autumn	Monev	NCETM – CP Unit 2	2 weeks	l Pupils explain and represent whole pounds as a quantity of money
1		https://www.pcetmorg.uk/classroom-		2 Pupils explain and represent whole pounds and pence as a quantity of money
•		resources/cp-vegr-5-unit-2-monev/		3 Pupils explain how to compare amounts of money
				4 Pupils convert quantities of money between pounds and pence
				5 Pupils use their knowledge of addition to efficiently add commonly used prices
				6 Pupils use their knowledge of subtraction to calculate the change due when paying
				whole pounds or notes
				7 Pupils use and explain the most efficient strategies when adding quantities of
				money
				8 Pupils use and explain the most efficient strategies when subtracting quantities of
				money
				9 Pupils find the change when purchasing several items
				10 Pupils use the most etticient and reliable strategy to tind the change when
				purchasing several items
Autumn	Negative	NCEIM - CP Unit 3	2 weeks	I Pupils represent a change story using addition and subtraction symbols
2	numbers	<u>https://www.ncetm.org.uk/classroom-</u>		2 Pupils interpret numbers greater than and less than zero in different contexts
		<u>resources/cp-year-5-unit-3-negative-</u>		3 Pupils redd dna write negative numbers
		<u>numbers/</u>		4 Pupils explain now the value of a number relates to its position from zero
				5 Pupils identity and place negative numbers on a number line 6 Pupils interpret sets of positive and positive numbers in a range of contexts
				7 Public use their knowledge of positive and positive numbers in a range of contexts
				8 Public explain how negative numbers are used on a coordinate arid
				9 Pupils use their knowledge of positive and negative numbers to interpret araphs
Auturen	Chart		6 weeks	I Pupils use their knowledge of pesitive and negative hampers to interpret graphs
Autumn	Short		U WEEKS	representations (no regroups)
2 into	multiplication	https://www.ncetm.org.uk/cldssroom-		2 Pupils multiply a two-diait number by a sinale-diait number using partitioning and
Spring I	and division	resources/cp-year-5-unit-t-short-		representations (one regroup)
		multiplication-and-short-alvision/		3 Pupils multiply a two-diait number by a single-digit number using partitioning and
				representations (two regroups)
				4 Pupils multiply a two-digit number by a single-digit number using partitioning
				5 Pupils multiply a two-digit number by a single-digit number using expanded
				multiplication (no regroups)
				6 Pupils multiply a two-digit number by a single-digit number using short
				multiplication (no regroups)
				7 Pupils multiply a two-digit number by a single-digit number using expanded
				multiplication (regrouping ones to tens)



				29 Pupils divide a three-digit number by a single-digit number using short division (with exchanging and remainders) 30 Pupils calve chart division problems accurately when the hundreds digit is smaller
				than the divisor
				31 Pupils will use efficient strategies of division to solve problems
Spring I	Area and scaling	NCETM - CP Unit 5 https://www.ncetmorguk/classroom- resources/cp-year-5-unit-5-area-and-scaling/	5 weeks	 I Pupils explain what area is and can measure using counting as a strategy (I) 2 Pupils explain what area is and can measure using counting as a strategy (2) 3 Pupils explain how to make different shapes with the same area 4 Pupils explain how to compare the area of different shapes 5 Pupils measure the area of flat shapes area using square centimetres 6 Pupils measure the area of a rectangle using multiplication 8 Pupils calculate the area of rectilinear shapes 9 Pupils compare and describe lengths by using their knowledge of multiplication 11 Pupils use their knowledge of division to solve comparison and change problems 12 Pupils compare and describe lengths by using their knowledge of division 13 Pupils use their knowledge of division to solve comparison and change problems 14 Pupils compare and describe lengths by using their knowledge of division 13 Pupils use their knowledge of division to solve comparison and change problems 14 Pupils compare and describe lengths by using their knowledge of division 15 Pupils compare and describe measurements by using their knowledge of multiplication (mass/capacity/time) (1) 15 Pupils describe the changes in measurements using their knowledge of multiplication and division (mass/capacity/time) (2) 16 Pupils use their knowledge of multiplication and division
				change problems
Spring 2	Calculating with decimal fractions	NCETM – CP Unit 6 https://www.ncetmorg.uk/classroom- resources/cp-year-5-unit-6-calculating-with- decimal-fractions/	3 weeks	 I Pupils explain the effect of multiplying and dividing a number by IO, IOO and I,0OO (I) 2 Pupils explain the effect of multiplying and dividing a number by IO, IOO and I,0OO (2) 3 Pupils explain how to multiply and divide a number by IO, IOO and I,0OO (first 'number' two or more non-zero digits) 4 Pupils use their knowledge of multiplication and division by IO/IOO/I,0OO to convert between units of measure (length) 5 Pupils use their knowledge of multiplication and division by IO/IOO/I,0OO to convert between units of measure (mass and capacity) 6 Pupils explain how to use known multiplication facts and unitising to multiply decimal fractions by whole numbers (tenths)

				/ Pupils explain how to use known multiplication tacts and unitising to multiply
				decimal tractions by whole numbers (hundredths)
				8 Pupils use their knowledge of multiplying decimal fractions by whole numbers to
				solve measures problems
				9 Pupils explain the relationship between multiplying by O.I dividing by 10
				10 Pupils explain the relationship between multiplying by 0.01 dividing by 100
				II Pupils explain how to use multiplying by 10 or 100 to multiply one-digit numbers by decimal fractions (1)
				12 Pupils explain how to use multiplying by 10 or 100 to multiply one-digit numbers by
				decimal fractions (2)
				13 Pupils explain how to use the size of the multiplier to predict the size of the
				product compared to the multiplicand
				14 Pupils explain how to use multiplying by 10 or 100 to divide decimal fractions by
				one-digit numbers (1)
				15 Pupils explain how to use multiplying by 10 or 100 to divide decimal fractions by
				one-digit numbers (2
Spring	Factors	NCFTM - CP Unit 7	4 weeks	l Pupils explain what 'volume' is using a range of contexts
2 into	noultin loo and	https://www.pootmorg.uk/classroom-		2 Pupils describe the units used to measure volume
	multiples and	mps//www.ncem.org.uk/cidssroom		3 Pupils explain how to calculate the volume of a cuboid
Summer	primes	resources/cp-year-o-unit-/-tactors-		4 Pupils explain what a cube number is
1		multiples-and-primes/		5 Pupils use their knowledge of calculating volume to solve problems in a range of
				contexts
				6 Pupils explain how to calculate the volume of compound shapes
				7 Pupils explain the use of the commutative and distributive laws when multiplying
				three or more numbers
				8 Pupils explain the reasons for changing two-factor multiplication calculations to
				three-factor multiplications
				9 Pupils explain what a factor is and how to use arrays and multiplication/division
				facts to find them
				10 Pupils explain how to systematically find all factors of a number and how they
				know when they have found them all
				Il Pupils use a complete list of factors to explain when a number is a square number
				12 Pupils explain how to identify a prime number or a composite number
				13 Pupils explain how to identify a common factor or a prime factor of a number
				H Pupils explain how to identify a multiple or common multiple of a number
				15 Pupils use knowledge of properties of number to solve problems in a range of
				contexts
				16 Pupile available how to use the factor raise of 400° to solve adaptetions officiently
				I to rupits explain now to use the factor pairs of 100 to solve calculations efficiently

Summer	Fractions	NCETM – CP Unit 8	7 weeks	I Pupils explain the relationship between repeated addition of a proper fraction and
1		https://www.ncetm.org.uk/classroom-		multiplication of fractions (unit fractions)
•		resources/cp-vegr-5-unit-8-fractions/		2 Pupils explain the relationship between repeated addition of a proper fraction and
				multiplication of fractions (non-unit fractions)
				3 Pupils multiply a proper fraction by a whole number (within a whole)
				4 Pupils multiply a proper fraction by a whole number (greater than a whole)
				5 Pupils multiply an improper fraction by a whole number
				6 Pupils multiply a mixed number by a whole number (product is within a whole)
				7 Pupils multiply a mixed number by a whole number (product is greater than a
				whole)
				8 Pupils find a unit fraction of a quantity
				9 Pupils explain the relationship between finding a fraction of a quantity and
				multiplying a whole number by a unit fraction
				10 Pupils explain the relationship between dividing by a whole number and multiplying
				a whole number by a unit fraction
				Il Pupils use their knowledge of multiplying a whole number by a unit fraction to
				solve problems
				12 Pupils find a non-unit fraction of a quantity (mental calculation)
				13 Pupils find a non-unit fraction of a quantity (written calculation)
				14 Pupils multiply a whole number by a proper fraction
				15 Pupils explain when a calculation represents scaling down and when it represents
				repeated addition
				l6 Pupils find the whole when the size of a unit fraction is known
				17 Pupils find a unit fraction when the size of a non-unit fraction is known
				18 Pupils find the whole when the size of a non-unit fraction is known
				19 Pupils find the unit fraction when the size of a non-unit fraction is known
				20 Pupils use representations to describe and compare two fractions (1/4 and 3/12)
				21 Pupils use representations to describe and compare two fractions (1/5 and 5/10)
				22 Pupils use representations to describe and compare two fractions (pouring
				context)
				23 Pupils correctly use the language of equivalent fractions
				24 Pupils explain the vertical relationship between numerators and denominators
				within equivalent fractions (1/5, 1/3 and equivalent)
				25 Pupils use their knowledge of the vertical relationship to solve equivalent fractions
				Zb Pupils explain the horizontal relationship between numerators and denominators
				across equivalent tractions (1/5, 1/3 and equivalent)
				Z/ Pupils explain the relationship within tamilies of equivalent fractions
				28 Pupils use their knowledge of equivalent fractions to solve problems

					 29 Pupils explain and represent how to divide I into different amounts of equal parts 30 Pupils identify and describe patterns within the number system 31 Pupils use their knowledge of common equivalents to compare fractions with decimals 32 Pupils practise recalling common fraction-decimal equivalents 33 Pupils use their knowledge of common fraction-decimal equivalents to solve conversion problems in a range of contexts 34 Pupils use their knowledge of common equivalents to compare fractions with decimals beyond one 35 Pupils use their knowledge of simplifying calculations by substitution to solve problems in a range of contexts
Summer 2	Converting units	NCETM — CP Unit 9 https://www.ncetmorg.uk/classroom- resources/cp-year-5-unit-9-converting- units/		2 weeks	 I Pupils apply memorised unit conversions to convert between units of measure (larger to smaller units - whole number conversions) 2 Pupils apply memorised unit conversions to convert between units of measure (smaller to larger units - whole number conversions) 3 Pupils convert from and to fraction and decimal fraction quantities of larger units 4 Pupils derive common conversions over 1 5 Pupils carry out conversions that correspond to IOO parts 6 Pupils solve measures problems involving different units 7 Pupils understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints 8 Pupils convert between miles and kilometres 9 Pupils solve problems involving converting between units of time
Summer 2	Angles	White Rose Summer Term Shape Unit (follow WR small steps, but NCETM further steps (see below) included to be taught) NCETM guidance <u>https://www.ncetmorg.uk/classroom- resources/cp-year-5-unit-IO-angles/</u>		2 weeks	White Rose small steps: I Pupils can understand and use degrees 2 Pupils can classify angles 3 Pupils can estimate angles 4 Pupils can measure angles up to 180 degrees 5 Pupils can draw lines and angles accurately 6 Pupils can calculate angles around a point 7 Pupils can calculate angles on a straight line 8 Pupils can calculate lengths and angles in shapes 9 Pupils can classify regular and irregular polygons 10 Pupils can classify 3D shapes

Assessment questions, linked to the DFE's Ready-to-Progress Criteria: <u>https://www.ncetm.org.uk/classroom-resources/cp-year-5-curriculum-map/</u>