



Year 3 – Summer Term 2

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts with speed and accuracy:

I know multiplication and division facts for the 8 times table

Children should be able to instantly recall the 8 times table facts below:

8 x 1 = 8	1 x 8 = 8	8 ÷ 8 = 1	8 ÷ 1 = 8
8 x 2 = 16	2 x 8 = 16	16 ÷ 8 = 2	16 ÷ 2 = 8
8 x 3 = 24	3 x 8 = 24	24 ÷ 8 = 3	24 ÷ 3 = 8
8 x 4 = 32	4 x 8 = 32	32 ÷ 8 = 4	32 ÷ 4 = 8
8 x 5 = 40	5 x 8 = 40	40 ÷ 8 = 5	40 ÷ 5 = 8
8 x 6 = 48	6 x 8 = 48	48 ÷ 8 = 6	48 ÷ 6 = 8
8 x 7 = 56	7 x 8 = 56	56 ÷ 8 = 7	56 ÷ 7 = 8
8 x 8 = 64	8 x 8 = 64	64 ÷ 8 = 8	64 ÷ 8 = 8
8 x 9 = 72	9 x 8 = 72	72 ÷ 8 = 9	72 ÷ 9 = 8
8 x 10 = 80	10 x 8 = 80	80 ÷ 8 = 10	80 ÷ 10 = 8
8 x 11 = 88	11 x 8 = 88	88 ÷ 8 = 11	88 ÷ 11 = 8
8 x 12 = 96	12 x 8 = 96	96 ÷ 8 = 12	96 ÷ 12 = 8

Key vocabulary

What is 4 multiplied by 8?

What is 4 times 8?

What is 32 divided by 8?

<u>Top tips</u>

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise this KIRF whilst walking to school or during a car journey? You do not need to practise all aspects of the KIRF all at once; perhaps you could have a fact of the day, or a few facts per week to practise? If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Practical resources and ideas

- Use what you already know If your child knows that $8 \times 2 = 16$, they can use this fact to work out that $8 \times 3 = 24$
- Test the parent Your child can make up their own tricky division questions for you eq. What is 28 divided by 4? They need to be able to multiply to create these questions.
- Double your fours Multiplying a number by 8 is the same as multiply by 4 and then doubling the answer. 8 x 3 = 24 and double 24 is 48, so 8 x 3 = 24
- 'Five six seven eight' fifty-six is seven times eight (56 = 7×8)
- 'I ate and ate until I was sick on the floor' eight times eight is sixty-four (8 x 8 = 64)